# Common Data Set A: General Information (2005-2006)

AO. Respondent miormation (Not for Fo					
Name	Lacnne Soriano				
Title	Research Analyst				
Office	Institutional Research				
Mailing Address	11300 NE 2nd Avenue				
City/State/Zip	Miami Shores,FL 33161				
Country	United States				
Phone	3058994888				
Fax					
Email Address	Lsoriano@mail.barry.edu				
Are your responses to the CDS posted for references on your institution's Web site?	C <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>				
If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:	N/A Internal				
We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested analytic convention, or cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, or about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but will help the publishers further refine CDS items.					

#### A0. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

#### A1. Address Information

Name of College or University	Barry University
Mailing Address	11300 North East Second Avenue
City/State/Zip	Miami Shores, FL 33161-6695
Country	United States
Street Address (if different)	
Main Phone	305-899-3000
WWW Home Page Address	
Admissions Phone Number	305-899-3100
Admissions Toll-Free Number	800-695-2279
Admissions Office Mailing Address	11300 North East Second Avenue
City/State/Zip	Miami Shores, FL 33161- 6695
Country	United States
Admissions Fax Number	305-899-2971

Admissions Email Address	Des-forms@mail.barry.edu
If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:	www2.barry.edu/undergrad- apply
If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:	
City/State/Zip	1
Country	
A2. Source of institutional control	
C Public C Private (nonprofit) C Proprietary	
A3. Classify your undergraduate institut	ion
Coeducational C Men's C Women's	
A4. Academic year calendar	
Semester C Quarter C Trimester C 4-1-4	Other Continuous
Differs By Program	
If you chose "Differs", please describe here:	
If you chose "Others", please describe here:	
A5. Degrees offered by your institution	
Diploma	
Associate	
Bachelor's	
Master's	
Post Master's Certificate	
Doctoral	
First Professional	
First Professional Certificate	

# Common Data Set B: Enrollment And Persistence (2005-2006)

#### B1. Institutional Enrollment---Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2005.

	F	ULL-TI	ME		PART-	TIME
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	206	357	Line 1	1	3	Line 15
Other first-year, degree-seeking	122	195	Line 2	2	4	Line 16
All other degree-seeking	1,092	2,553	Lines 3- 6	407	735	Lines 17- 20
Total degree-seeking	1,420	3,105		410	742	
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	14	44	Line 7	13	168	Line 21
Total undergraduates	1,434	3,149	Line 8	423	910	Line 22
First-professional						
First-time, first-professional students	135	142	Line 9	2	3	Line 23
All other first-professionals	242	232	Line 10	18	10	Line 24
Total first-professional	377	374		20	13	
Graduate	-		-		-	
Degree-seeking, first-time	98	261	Line 11	47	210	Line 25
All other degree-seeking	146	501	Line 12	299	936	Line 26
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	7	Line 13	24	95	Line 27
Total graduate	244	769		370	1,241	
Total all undergraduates:						5,916
Total all graduate and professional students:			3,408			
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS:				9,324		

### B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2005. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. **Refer to IPEDS EF-1 Part A or IPEDS EF-2 Part A surveys based on column and line numbers in grid for totals.** 

	Degree- seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking undergraduates (including first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
Non-resident aliens	0	257	260
Black, non-Hispanic	136	1,322	1,340

American Indian or Alaskan Native	3	11	11
Asian or Pacific Islander	12	70	75
Hispanic	145	1,848	2,009
White, non-Hispanic	216	1,623	1,677
Race/ethnicity unknown	51	524	544
Total	563	5,655	5,916

# Persistence

# B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005

Certificate/diploma	0
Associate degrees	0
Bachelor's degrees	1,503
Post-Bachelor's certificates	0
Master's degrees	735
Post-master's certificates	36
Doctoral degrees	37
First professional degrees	133
First professional certificates	0

# **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2005 Web-based survey.

# For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1999 cohort if available. If fall 1999 cohort data are not available, please provide data for the fall 1998 cohort.

# Fall 1999 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1999. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1999.

398

0

## B4.🗟

Initial 1999 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degreeseeking undergraduate students; total all students:

#### B5.🖻

Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

### B6. 🗟

B7.         B7.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2003):         B8.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):         B9.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):         B9.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):         B10.         Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):       1		
Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2003):         B8.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):         B9.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):         B9.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):         B10.         Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):       1		vable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 398
(by August 31, 2003):         B8.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):         B9.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):         B10.         Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):		
Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):         B9.         Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):         B10.         Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):       1		pleted the program in four years or less 84
years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004): <b>B9.</b> Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005): <b>B10.</b> Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 1		
Of the initial 1999 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):         B10.         Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):         1		
years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):B10.Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):1		
Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):       1		
	within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 152	questions B7, B8, and B9): 152
B11.		
Six-year graduation rate for 1999 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	on rate for 1999 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 3	question B10 divided by question B6): 38

# Fall 1998 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1998. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1998.

#### B4.🖥

Initial 1998 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:

#### B5.🗟

Of the initial 1998 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

### B6.🗟

Final 1998 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)

#### B7.🖹

Of the initial 1998 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2003):

#### B8.🗟

Of the initial 1998 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2003 and by August 31, 2004):

#### B9.🗎

Of the initial 1998 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years

but in six years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):

#### B10.🗟

Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):

#### B11.🖹

Six-year graduation rate for 1998 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):

# For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2002 cohort if available. If 2002 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2001 cohort.

### 2002 Cohort

#### B12.

Initial 2002 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

#### B13.

Of the intial 2002 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

#### B14.

Final 2002 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B13 from question B12)

#### B15.

Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):

#### **B16**.

Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:

#### B17.

Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):

#### B18.

Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:

#### B19.

Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:

#### **B20**.

Total transfers to two-year institutions:

#### B21.

Total transfers to four-year institutions:

### 2001 Cohort

#### B12.

Initial 2001 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

#### B13.

Of the intial 2001 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

#### B14.

Final 2001 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B13 from question B12)

#### **B15**.

Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):

#### **B16**.

Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:

#### B17.

Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):

#### B18.

Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:

#### B19.

Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:

**B20**.

Total transfers to two-year institutions:

#### B21.

Total transfers to four-year institutions:

#### **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2004 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

#### B22.

For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshman in Fall 2004 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2005?

# Common Data Set C: First-Time, First-Year (Freshman) Admission (2005-2006)

**Applications** 

### C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students:

Provide the number of degree-seeking first-time, first-year who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2005. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants include all students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, no admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

1,286
2,516
3,802
914
1,814
2,728
205
358
563
0
0
0

#### C2. Freshman wait-listed students

(students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

 $\bigcirc$ 

Yes

Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?

🖸 <sub>No</sub>

If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2005 admissions:

Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list

Number accepting a place on the waiting list

Number of wait-listed students admitted

# **Admission Requirements**

#### C3. High school completion requirement

High school completion requirement(s) for degree-seeking entering students:

High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required
High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted
High school diploma is required and GED is accepted

# C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

C Require Recommend

# Neither require nor recommend

#### C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.

Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units required	Units recommended
Total academic units		12
English		4
Mathematics		3
Science		3
-of these, units that must be lab		
Foreign language		
Social Studies		3
History		
Academic electives		
Other:		

### **Basis for Selection**

C6. Open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

	Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Ope	n admission policy as described above for most students, but	
	selective admission for out-of-state students	
•	selective admission to some programs	
Oth	er (explain)	

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very important	Important	Considered	Not considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record	O	C		C
Class rank	C		0	C
Academic GPA	O		C	C
Standardized test scores	O		C	C

Application Essay	C		C	C
Recommendation(s)	C		0	C
Non-Academic				
Interview	C	0	C	C
Extracurricular activities	C		0	C
Talent/ability	C	٥		C
Character/personal qualities	C	O	C	C
First Generation	C		C	C
Alumni/ae relation	C			C
Geographical residence	C		C	C
State residency	C		C	C
Religious affiliation/commitment	C		C	C
Racial/ethnic status	C		C	C
Volunteer work	C		0	C
Work experience	C		0	C
Level of applicant's interest	C		C	C

# **SAT and ACT Policies**

#### C8. Entrance exams

Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year degree-seeking applicants?

C <sub>Yes</sub>

If yes, please select the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.

		ADMISSIONS					
	Require	Recommend	Require for some	Consider if submitted	Not used		
SAT Test only	C		0	C	C		
ACT Only	C		0	C	C		
SAT or ACT	O		0	C	C		
SAT or SAT Subject	C		0	C	C		

Tests					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT	C	C	C	C	
SAT Subject Tests only			C		0

B. If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, firstyear, degree-seeking applicants for **Fall 2007**, please indicate which ONE of the following applies:

ACT with Writing component required

ACT without Writing component accepted

C ACT with or without Writing component accepted

C. If your institution will make use of the new SAT Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for **Fall 2006**, please indicate which ONE of the following applies:

New SAT Reasoning Test required

New SAT Test or the "old" SAT I (administered prior to March 2005 and without a writing component) accepted

#### D.In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

acement	C <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>			
ounseling	C <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>			
E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission:				
Latest date by which SAT Subject Tests scores must be received for fall-term admission:				
F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g. if tests recommended for some students, or if tests not required of some students):				
If necessary, use this space				

### **Freshman Profile**

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2005, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

# C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2005 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores.

Include information for ALL enrolled, first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g. mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item.

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores			86	
Percent submitting ACT scores			31	
Number submitting SAT score	Number submitting SAT scores			
Number submitting ACT score	submitting ACT scores			
	25th percentile	75th percentile		
SAT I Verbal	480	540		
SAT I Math	480	530		
ACT Composite	18	22		
ACT English	16	22		
ACT Math	16	22		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	0	0
600-699	8	7
500-599	37	38
400-499	50	46
300-399	5	9
200-299	0	0

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	1	3	1
24-29	19	20	17
18-23	55	39	44
12-17	25	35	38
6-11		3	0
below 6			

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top 10th of high school graduating class	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	100
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	0
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high	0

school class rank:

C11. Percent of all enrolled, degree-seeking first-time, first-year(freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale); report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.75 or higher	14
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	13
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	14
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	18
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	23
Percent who had GPA between 2.00 and 2.49	18
Percent who had a GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0
Percent who had a GPA below 1.0	0

#### C12.

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.12
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	99

# **Admission Policies**

### C13. Application Fee

Does your institution have an application fee?	Ø	Yes	0	No
Amount of application fee		:	30	
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	O	Yes	С	No
If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, for students who apply on-line:	pleas	se indi	cate po	olicy
Same fee:	C	Yes	C	No
Free:	C	Yes	O	No
Reduced:	Ø	Yes	C	No
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	Ø	Yes	C	No
C14. Application Closing Date				
Does your institution have an application closing date?	C Ye	es	© No	C

Application closing date (Fall)	
Priority date	

#### C15.

Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall?

#### C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

🖸 No

On a rolling basis beginning (date)	09/05
By (date)	
Other	

#### C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

Must reply by (date)			
No set date			
Must reply by May 1 or within 2	weeks if notified thereafter		
Other			
Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD):	/		
Amount of housing deposit:			
Refundable if student does not enroll?	Yes, in full Yes, in part No		

#### C18. Deferred admission:

Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	E <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>
If yes, maximum period of postponement:	1 year

#### C19. Early admission of high school students:

Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?

#### C20. Common application

Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted?	C <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>
If "yes," are supplemental forms required?	C <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>
Is your college a member of the Common Application Group?	C <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>

# Early Decision and Early Action Plans

### C21. Early decision

Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for Fall enrollment?

If "yes," please complete the following:

First or only early decision plan closing date	
First or only early decision plan notification date	
Other early decision plan closing date	
Other early decision plan notification date	
Number of early decision applicants received by your institution for the Fall 2005 entering class:	
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan for the Fall 2005 entering class:	
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan.	

#### C22. Early action:

students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	advance of the regular notification date but do not have	C No
--	--	------

#### If "yes," please complete the following:

Early action closing date	
Early action notification date	
Rolling Not Rolling	
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?	C <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>

# Common Data Set D: Transfer Admission (2005-2006)

# **Fall Applicants**

**D1** 

Does your institution enroll transfer students?	E <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub>	
(If no, please skip to Section E)		
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	🖸 <sub>Yes</sub> 🗖 <sub>No</sub>	

# D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2005.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	630	429	169
Women	1,647	1,171	452
Total	2,277	1,600	621

### Application for Admission D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

	<b>☞</b> Fall	✓ Winter	Spring	Summer	
D4.					
					6

Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	Yes
sompleted of else must apply as an entering resiman.	C <sub>No</sub>
If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	12

### D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
High school transcript					
College transcript(s)	K				
Essay or personal statement					V
Interview					
Standardized test score					
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					

#### **D6**.

If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

#### **D7**.

If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

#### D8.

List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

N/A	

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					
Winter					<b>V</b>
Spring					V
Summer					2

#### D10.

Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer	C Yes	🖸 No
students?	105	110

#### D11.

Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: N/A

# **Transfer Credit Policies**

#### D12.

Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:

С

64

#### D13.

Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:

unit type:semester hours

#### D14.

Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:

unit type:semester hours

### D15.

Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:

#### D16.

Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:

### D17.

Describe other transfer credit policies:		

# Common Data Set E: Academic Offerings And Policies (2005-2006)

#### E1. Special study options:



#### E2. Has been removed from the CDS.

# E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation



### Common Data Set F: Student Life (2005-2006)

#### F1. Percentage of first-times, first-year (freshman) students and all degreeseeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2005 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent of students who are from out of state (exclude internat'l/nonresident aliens)	54	16
Percent of men who join fraternities		
Percent of women who join sororities		
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	70	19
Percent who live off campus or commute	30	81
Percent of students age 25 and older	1	55
Average age of full-time students	18	28
Average age of all students (full- and part- time)	18	30

### F2. Activities offered:

Identify those programs available at your institution.

•	Choral groups		Marching band	~	Student government
	Concert band	◄	Music ensembles	~	Student newspaper
•	Dance	•	Musical theater		Student-run film society
•	Drama/theater		Opera		Symphony orchestra
	Jazz band		Pep band	✓	Television station
•	Literary magazine	•	Radio station		Yearbook

#### F3. ROTC

(program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officer's Training Corps)

Army ROTC is offered:	Navy ROTC is offered:	Air Force ROTC is offered:
On campus At cooperating institutions (name): University of Miami	On campus At cooperating institutions (name):	On campus At cooperating institutions (name):

# F4. Housing

Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.



Men's dorms	Special housing for international students
Women's dorms	Fraternity/sorority housing
Apartments for married students Apartments for single students	Cooperative housing
Other housing options (specify):	

# Common Data Set G: Annual Expenses (2005-2006)

Provide 2006-2007 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

~

Check here if your institution's 2006-2007 academic year costs are not available at this time and provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2006-2007 academic year costs will be available: **march 2006** 

#### G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2006-2007 academic year. A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are NOT included in tuition (e.g., registation, health, or activity fees.) Do NOT include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS Tuition:	\$22,430.00	\$22,430.00
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS Tuition: (in-district)		
In-state: (out-of-district)		
Out-of-state		
NONRESIDENT ALIENS Tuition:		
REQUIRED FEES:		
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	\$7,620.00	\$7,620.00
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)		
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)		
Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your col tuition/room/board/fees):	llege cannot pro	ovide separate
Other:		

G2.

Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition					
Minimum	12	Maximum	18		

G3.

Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore,	$\bigcirc$	Yes
junior, senior)?		105

#### **G4**.

# If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:

Yes, varies for off-campus Adult and Continuing Education degree programs.

#### G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student.

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:			
Room only:			
Board only:			
Transportation:			
Other expenses:			

#### G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	\$660.00
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS: (in-district)	
In-state: (out-of-district)	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$660.00

# Common Data Set H: Financial Aid (2005-2006)

# Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

**H1.** Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" **undergraduates**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2004-2005 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2004-2005 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should <u>be reported in the need-based aid column</u>. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate aca	ademic year for which data are re	eported:
C 2005-2	006 estimated or	C 2004-2005 final
Which needs	s-analysis methodology does you	r institution use in awarding institutional aid?
0	Federal methodology (FM)	
C	Institutional methodology (IM)	
C	Both FM and IM	

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	aid \$	aid \$
Scholarships/Grants:	Φ	Þ
Federal	\$6,296,190.00	\$346,677.00
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$1,619,550.00	\$8,432,635.00
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	\$7,600,092.00	\$12,552,965.00
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$5,500.00	\$245,518.00
Total Scholarships/Grants	\$15,521,332.00	\$21,577,795.00
Self-Help		
Student Loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$13,264,550.00	\$16,479,800.00
Federal Work Study	\$1,071,173.00	
State and other (e.g., institutional) workstudy/ employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work- Study captured above.)		\$184,170.00
Total Self-Help	\$14,335,723.00	\$16,663,970.00
Parent Loans		\$3,712,271.00
<b>Tuition Waivers</b> Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		\$2,148,863.00
Athletic Awards		\$1,996,564.00

# Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid

**H2.** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.

# Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (inc. fresh)	
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2005 cohort)	765	4,556	1,177
<ul> <li>b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid</li> </ul>	652	3,672	473

<ul> <li>c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need</li> </ul>	587	3,378	417
d) Number of students in line <b>c</b> who were awarded any financial aid	584	3,352	389
e) Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	509	2,532	196
f) Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	536	3,097	343
g) Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	575	3,214	222
h) Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met <b>(exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized</b> loans and private alternative loans.)	69	288	17
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans)		62.00	34.00
<ul> <li>j) The average financial aid package of those in line</li> <li>d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans.)</li> </ul>	\$18,470.00	\$14,124.00	\$5,615.00
<ul> <li>k) Average need-based scholarship or grant aid of those in line e</li> </ul>	\$9,215.00	\$6,639.00	\$2,878.00
<ul> <li>I) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans) of those in line f</li> </ul>	\$5,152.00	\$5,612.00	\$4,523.00
<ul> <li>m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan</li> </ul>	\$2,664.00	\$4,302.00	\$4,257.00

# H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and

**Grants:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional--not external--non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (inc. fresh)	
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	127	339	3
<ul> <li>o) Average dollar amount of institutional non- need-based scholarship or grant aid awarded</li> </ul>	\$5,828.00	\$5,499.00	\$2,540.00

to students in line <b>n</b>			
<ul> <li>p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic grant or scholarship</li> </ul>	34	133	0
q) Average <u>dollar amount</u> of institutional non-need- based <u>athletic grants and scholarships awarded</u> to students in line <b>p</b>	\$13,998.00	\$14,820.00	

H3. Incorporated into H1 above.

#### H4.

Provide the percentage of the 2005 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2004 and June 30, 2005 and borrowed at any time through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution:

H5.

Average per-**borrower** cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. Do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$24,091.00

# Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report

numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

**H6.** Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

Institution need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institution non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institution scholarship or grant aid is not available

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree- seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	144
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	\$10,624.00
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:	\$1,529,942.00

# H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

	Institution's own financial aid form
	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
	International Student's Financial Aid Application
•	International Student's Certification of Finances

Other			
	s for First-Year/Freshman Students eck off all financial aid forms domestic.		
	A State aid form ution's own financial aid form Financial Aid PROFILE Other: ess/Farm Supplement		
Priority da Deadline f No deadlir	licate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students: Ite for filing required financial aid forms: for filing required financial aid forms: The for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): Ite disease metifications dates for first upon (free brook) students		
b)	dicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) stud		inswer a o
	ts notified on or about (date): ts notified on a rolling basis: E <sub>Yes</sub> C <sub>No</sub> If yes, starting date: 0 <sup>-1</sup>	/25	
H11. In	dicate reply dates:		
	must reply by (date):   or within   weeks of notification.		
Please che H12. Lo	of Aid Available ck off all types of aid available to undergradutates at your institution: oans DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)		
	Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans		
	Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		
	Direct PLUS loans		
FEDERAL	FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)		
•	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans		
~	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans		
	FFEL PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans		
	Federal Perkins Loans		
~	Federal Nursing Loans		

	State Loans				
	College/university loans from institutional funds				
N	Other (Specify): Alternative Loans				

# H13. Scholarships and Grants

Need	-based:
	Federal Pell
	SEOG
	State scholarships/grants
	Private scholarships
	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
	United Negro College Fund
	Federal Nursing Scholarships
	Other (Specify):

# H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

	Non-need	Need-based
Academics		
Alumni affiliation		
Art	V	
Athletics	V	
Job skills		
ROTC		
Leadership		
Minority status		
Music/drama		
Religious affiliation		
State/district residency		

### Common Data Set I: Instructional Faculty And Class Size (2005-2006)

I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2005. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

	Full time	Part time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non- clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

**Full-time instructional faculty**: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

**Part-time instructional faculty**: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

**Minority faculty**: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

**Doctorate**: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

**First-professional**: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

**Terminal degree**: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full time	Part time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	353	518	871
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	96		
c.) Total number who are women	183		

d.) Total number who are men	170	
e.) otal number who are non-resident aliens (international)	0	
<ul> <li>f.) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree</li> </ul>	300	300
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's		
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's		
i.)Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	53	56
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students		

# I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2005 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2005 Student to Faculty ratio:	14 to 1 based on students and faculty
-------------------------------------	---------------------------------------

#### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2005 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2005. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

#### Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled.

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	279	680	397	37	6	9	4	1412
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-SECTIONS								0

#### Common Data Set J: Degrees Conferred (2005-2006)

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2004 and June 30, 2005 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and Bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g. students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 1990 Categories to Include	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1 and 2	1
Architecture				4	4
Area and ethnic studies				5	5
Biological/life sciences			4.600	26	26
Business/marketing			18.700	8 and 52	52
Communications/communication technologies				9 and 10	9 and 10
Computer and information sciences			7.800	11	11
Education			21.600	13	13
Engineering/engineering technologies				14 and 15	14 and 15
English			.300	23	23
Foreign languages and literature			.100	16	16
Health professions and related sciences			12.200	51	51
Home economics and vocational home economics				19 and 20	19
Interdisciplinary studies				30	30
Law/legal studies			2.000	22	22
Liberal arts/general studies			14.400	24	24
Library science				25	25
Mathematics			.200	27	27
Military science and technologies				28 and 29	29
Natural resources/environmental				3	3

science					
Parks and recreation			.700	31	31
Personal and miscellaneous services				12	12
Philosophy, religion, theology			.400	38 and 39	38 and 39
Physical sciences			.400	40 and 41	40 and 41
Protective services/public administration			5.900	43 and 44	43 and 44
Psychology			1.600	42	42
Social sciences and history			2.000	45	45 and 54
Trade and industry				46, 47, 48, and 49	46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts			1.800	50	50
Other					
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%		